MISCELLANEOUS

CHARGES FOR SHORT-TERM LETS AND SERVICES

Short-term let charges for arable crops, grass and buildings across Scotland vary greatly from year to year and area to area. The price will also be dependent on local practice, quality of facilities, season, market and land being offered.

Typically, for short-term lets of grassland, the period of let would be from 1 May until 31 October.

The prices shown below should be used only as a general guide and local advice should be taken for specific circumstances.

		Range £/ha (£/ac	Average
Grass park lets: Rough grazing	rotational grass permanent pasture	75 - 758 (30 - 306)	287 (116) 160 (65)
Barley land let (unploughed) Potato land let (seed and ware)		100 - 494 (40 - 200) 500 - 1,500 (202 - 607) 297 - 1,750 (120 - 708)	. ,
		£/head/we	
Sheep winter graz	zing	0.30 - 0.90	0.50
Cattle grazing - in	proved pasture ²	£/head/we 1.50 - 7.00	ек 3.50
Cattle grazing - ro		1.00 - 5.00 5.00 - 16.00	
Cattle grazing - ro Letting courts ^{2, 3} Letting courts only	ough grazing ²	1.00 - 5.00 5.00 - 16.00 0.50 - 4.00	
Letting courts ^{2, 3}	ough grazing ²	5.00 - 16.00	9.75 1.75
Letting courts ^{2, 3}	ough grazing ²	5.00 - 16.00 0.50 - 4.00	9.75 1.75
Letting courts ^{2, 3} Letting courts only Grain storage ⁴	y ²	5.00 - 16.00 0.50 - 4.00 £/t/week 0.15 - 0.25 £/tonne/mo	9.75 1.75 0.20 nth
Letting courts ^{2, 3} Letting courts only	wigh grazing ² y ² mbient air) ^{4, 5}	5.00 - 16.00 0.50 - 4.00 £/t/week 0.15 - 0.25	9.75 1.75 0.20 nth

- ¹ Including vining peas and beans, salads, brassicas, carrots/parsnips.
- ² Price range covers the type of stock grazed/housed, e.g. store calves, dry cows, cows with calves at foot.
- ³ Inclusive of bedding, silage and labour. Concentrates and vet/med additional.
- ⁴ Handling charges may be charged above base price.
- ⁵ In addition, £1.00 1.50/t box/month where potato boxes provided.

Basis of data: limited survey

SUMMARY OF FARM MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (including useful dates and timings)

Good Agricultural and Environmental Conditions (GAEC) - Scotland Buffer strips (GAEC 1) no cultivations and application of pesticides within 2m 1 Jan - 31 Dec of the top of the bank of watercourses Muirburn (GAEC 6) permitted between and inclusive 1 Oct - 15 Apr Hedges (GAEC 7) no trimming between and inclusive 1 Mar - 31 Aug no cultivations and application of fertilisers and 1 Jan - 31 Dec . pesticides within 2m from the centre line of hedges Water abstraction (GAEC 2) submit annual data return by 31 Dec Greening Permanent grassland Nitrogen fertiliser and lime plan prepared by 9 Jun Ecological Focus Areas (EFAs) EFA fallow period 15 Jan - 15 Jul Establish EFA green cover between 1 Mar - 1 Oct Establish EFA catch crop between 1 Mar - 1 Aug Harvest of EFA nitrogen fixing crops after 1 Aug Topping of EFA field margins (cuttings not removed) after 31 Aug

Diffuse Pollution General Binding Rules (DP GBRs) - Scotland

Minimum legal working distances from watercourses:

Within 2m of a watercourse

- no application of inorganic fertiliser
- no cultivation (from top of bank)

Within 5m of a watercourse

prevent significant poaching

Within 5m of spring, well or borehole

- no fertiliser application
- no cultivation
- no livestock

Within 10m of a watercourse

- no slurry or manure application
- no storage of fertiliser (including temporary field middens)
- no livestock feeders

Within 50m of spring, well or borehole

- no storage of fertilisers (including temporary field middens)
- no slurry or manure application

NVZ - Scotland (SMR 1)

NVZ fertiliser and manure management plan prepared before 1 Mar

NVZ closed periods (organic manures with a high available N content).

NVZ closed periods (organic manur	es with a high avai <i>Grassland</i>	lable N content): Other land	
Shallow or sandy soils All other soil types	1 Sep - 31 Dec 15 Oct - 31 Jan		
NVZ closed periods (manufactured	nitrogen fertiliser): Grassland	Other land	
Moray, Aberdeenshire, Banff & Buchan NVZ All other Scottish NVZ areas	15 Sep - 20 Feb 15 Sep - 15 Feb	1 Sep - 20 Feb 1 Sep - 15 Feb	
NVZ - England, Wales and Northe	rn Ireland		
NVZ closed periods (organic manur	es with a high avai <i>Grassland</i>	lable N content): Other land	
Shallow or sandy soils	1 Sep - 31 Dec	0	
All other soil types	15 Oct - 31 Jan* *	1 Oct - 31 Jan* (15 Oct - 31 Jan NI)	
NVZ closed periods (manufactured	nitrogen fertiliser): <i>Grassland</i>	Other land	
England and Wales	15 Sep - 15 Jan	1 Sep - 15 Jan	
Northern Ireland	15 Sep - 31 Jan	15 Sep - 31 Jan	
Business Management			
Tax Return			
paper formsonline		submit by 31 Oct submit by 31 Jan	
IACS forms (Scotland)		submit by 15 May	
Scottish Suckler Beef Support Sche	me claim su	bmit 1 Sep - 31 Dec	
Scottish Upland Sheep Support Scheme claim submit 1 Sep - 16 Oct			
Agricultural and horticultural census (Scotland) at 1 st complete Monday in June within 14 days			
Agricultural survey (Scotland) at 1 st December (DAS)	Monday in	complete within 14 days	
Livestock Management			
Physiological values and breedin	g cycles for lives	tock:	

	Cow	Ewe	Red Deer	Sow	Poultry
Gestation (days)					
- mean	285	150	231	114	21
- range	269-299	140-160	226-238	109-125	-
Oestrus period (days)					
- mean	21	16	19	21	-
- range	18-24	14-20	17-21	19-23	16-24
MISCELLANEOUS		448			

Cattle (Scotland SMR 7):

Tagging calves (after birth):	
 beef 	within 20 days
 dairy - one tag 	within 36 hours
 dairy - second tag 	within 20 days
Replace illegible or lost tags	within 28 days of
	discovery
Registering calves with BCMS	no later than 27 days after birth
Cattle deaths to be reported to BCMS	within 7 days
Cattle movements to be reported to BCMS	s within 3 days
Retention of cattle records	at least 10
	years
Sheep and goats (Scotland SMR 8):	
Identify all animals (after birth):	

identity all animals (alter birth).	
 intensive systems extensive systems 	within 6 months within 9 months
(or before they leave the hol	iuling whichever is soonest)
All animals double tagged (one tag must be EIE	D) from 12 months of age
Replace illegible or lost tags	within 28 days of discovery
Record details of identification, illegible or lost ta movements	ags and within 48 hours
Movements sent to SAMU	within 3 days
Retention of sheep records	at least 3 years
Annual inventory for animals kept (SGAI)	at 1 Dec
Pigs (Scotland SMR 6):	
Register with local APHA office within 30 da	ays of the date pigs are first

	kept
Notify APHA changes of details	within 30 days of the change
Notify off movements to ScotEID	prior to or on the day of the movement
Notify on movements to ScotEID	within 3 days of arrival
Record on and off movements	within 48 hours of the movement date

Shooting open seasons for birds**

	England, Scotland &	Northern Ireland
	Wales	
Pheasant	1 Oct - 1 Feb	1 Oct - 31 Jan
Partridge	1 Sep - 1 Feb	1 Sep - 31 Jan
Grouse	12 Aug - 10 Dec	12 Aug - 30 Nov
Ptarmigan (Scotland only)	12 Aug - 10 Dec	-

Common snipe Woodcock (except Scotland) Woodcock (Scotland) Wild duck and geese:	12 Aug - 31 Jan 1 Oct - 31 Jan 1 Sep - 31 Jan	1 Sep - 31 Jan 1 Oct - 31 Jan -
- below high water mark - elsewhere	1 Sep - 20 Feb 1 Sep - 31 Jan	1 Sep - 31 Jan 1 Sep - 31 Jan
Shooting open seasons for g	ground game**	
	England, Wales & Northern Ireland	Scotland
Brown hare (not NI) Brown hare (NI)	1 Jan - 31 Dec 12 Aug - 31 Jan	1 Oct - 31 Jan -
Mountain hare Rabbit (not NI)	- 1 Jan - 31 Dec	1 Aug - 28/29 Feb 1 Jan - 31 Dec
Shooting open seasons for a	deer**	
	England, Wales &	Scotland
	Northern Ireland	Scolland
Red deer:	Northern Ireland	
- stags	Northern Ireland 1 Aug - 30 Apr	1 Jul - 20 Oct
- stags - hinds	Northern Ireland	
- stags - hinds Sika deer & red/sika hybrids:	Northern Ireland 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar	1 Jul - 20 Oct
- stags - hinds	Northern Ireland 1 Aug - 30 Apr	1 Jul - 20 Oct 21 Oct - 15 Feb
- stags - hinds Sika deer & red/sika hybrids: - stags	Northern Ireland 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar	1 Jul - 20 Oct 21 Oct - 15 Feb 1 Jul - 20 Oct 21 Oct - 15 Feb
 stags hinds Sika deer & red/sika hybrids: stags hinds Fallow deer: bucks 	Northern Ireland 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar 1 Aug - 30 Apr	1 Jul - 20 Oct 21 Oct - 15 Feb 1 Jul - 20 Oct 21 Oct - 15 Feb 1 Aug - 30 Apr
 stags hinds Sika deer & red/sika hybrids: stags hinds Fallow deer: bucks does 	Northern Ireland 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar	1 Jul - 20 Oct 21 Oct - 15 Feb 1 Jul - 20 Oct 21 Oct - 15 Feb
 stags hinds Sika deer & red/sika hybrids: stags hinds Fallow deer: bucks does Roe deer (not NI): 	Northern Ireland 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar	1 Jul - 20 Oct 21 Oct - 15 Feb 1 Jul - 20 Oct 21 Oct - 15 Feb 1 Aug - 30 Apr 21 Oct - 15 Feb
 stags hinds Sika deer & red/sika hybrids: stags hinds Fallow deer: bucks does 	Northern Ireland 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar 1 Aug - 30 Apr 1 Nov - 31 Mar 1 Aug - 30 Apr	1 Jul - 20 Oct 21 Oct - 15 Feb 1 Jul - 20 Oct 21 Oct - 15 Feb 1 Aug - 30 Apr

IMPERIAL-METRIC CONVERSION

Conversion factors				
	Imperial	Α	Metric	В
Length	inch	25.4	mm	0.03937
•	foot	0.3048	m	3.281
	yard	0.9144	m	1.094
	chain	20.12	m	0.04971
	mile	1.609	km	0.6214
Area	acre	0.4047	ha	2.471
	ft^2	0.0929	m ²	10.76
	yd ²	0.8361	m ²	1.196
Volume	ft ³	0.02832	m ³	35.31
	yd³	0.7646	m ³	1.308
	pint	0.5682	litre	1.76
	gal	4.546	litre	0.22
	gal	0.004546	m³	219.969
	floz	28.41	ml	0.0352
Weight	OZ	28.35	g	0.03527
-	lb	0.4536	kg	2.205
	cwt	50.8	kg	0.01968
	ton	1.016	ť	0.9842
Energy	therm	105.5	MJ	0.009478
	kWh	3.6	MJ	0.2778
	btu	1.055	KJ	0.9478
	hp	745.7	W	0.001341
Temperatu	re °F	(°F-32)	°C	(°Cx1.8)
		x0.5556		+32
Rate of use	lb/ac	1.121	kg/ha	0.8922
	cwt/ac	125.5	kg/ha	0.007966
	ton/ac	2511	kg/ha	0.0003983
	lb/gal	99.78	g/litre	0.01002
	gal/ac	11.23	litre/ha	0.08902
	units (fert)/ac	1.25	kg/ha	0.8
Unit cost	£/ft ²	10.76	£/m ²	0.0929
	£/yd²	1.196	£/m ²	0.8361
	£/ac	2.471	£/ha	0.4047
	£/yd ³	1.308	£/m ³	0.7646
	£/gal	0.220	£/litre	4.546
	£/ton	0.9842	£/t	1.016
	£/cwt	0.01968	£/kg	50.8
	£/lb	2.205	£/kg	0.4536
Note:		Imperial unit x A	=	Metric unit
NULE.		Metric unit x B		
			=	Imperial unit

Length	Imperial foot = 12 inches	Metric cm = 10 mm
5	yard = 3 feet	m = 100 cm
Area	mile = 1,760 yards $ft^2 = 144$ inches ² $yd^2 = 9 ft^2$	km = 1,000 m $m^2 = 10,000 cm^2$ $km^2 = 1,000,000 m^2$
Volume	acre = 4,840 yd ² mile ² = 640 acres pint = 20 fluid ounces gallon = 8 pints	km ² = 100 ha ha = 10,000 m ² litre = 1,000 ml
	fluid ounce = 1.734 inches ³ pint = 34.6774 inches ³ gallon = 277.42 inches ³	
Weight	foot ³ = 1,728 inches ³ yard ³ = 46,656 inches ³ lb = 16 oz	$cm^{3} = 1,000 mm^{3}$ $m^{3} = 1,000,000 cm^{3}$ kg = 1,000 g
weight	stone = 14 lb cwt = 112 lb ton = 2,240 lb	tonne = 1,000 kg
Milk	1litre = 1.03 kg	1 kg = 0.971 litre
Irrigation	1 inch/acre = 102.75 m^3	$25 \text{ mm/ha} = 250 \text{ m}^3$
Energy Velocity	hp = 550 ft lb force/sec mph = 1.609 km/hr	hp = 75 m kg force /sec km/hr = 0.6214 mph m/sec = 3.281 ft/sec
Volume Flow rate Specific	ft ³ /second = 0.02832 m ³ /sec gallon/min = 0.07577 litres/sec	m ³ /sec = 35.31 ft ³ /sec litre/sec = 13.2 gallons/min
volume rate Mass flow	ft ³ /ton min = 0.02787 m ³ /t min	m ³ /t min = 35.88 ft ³ /ton min
rate	ton/hr = 0.2822 kg/sec	kg/sec= 3.543 ton/hr